

Roadmap to Net Zero: Decarbonization at Scale







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Panel Discussion

Roadmap to Net Zero: Decarbonization at Scale

How to approach building portfolio decarbonization and achieve organizational objectives



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AIA CEU Learning Objectives

- Develop knowledge and awareness of Global GHG Emissions and Climate Action Context; Develop an understanding of quantity of carbon emissions by sector, and within buildings
- 2. Benchmark existing campus conditions. Making carbon visible.
- 3. Understand the challenges and opportunities of a structured approach to decarbonizing building portfolios:
- 4. Outline and define the actions that can be taken with a structured approach to decarbonizing building portfolios.





Reflections Over a Long Career...

Energy Savings

Pollution Reduction

More Efficient Technologies and Systems

Sustainability – Green Design Certifications – Product Declarations

Climate Change, Global Warming

Clean Energy Resources

Net Zero, Carbon Neutrality

Embodied Carbon

Carbon Emissions - Greenhouse Gases - DECARBONIZATION





Willie Pena, FAIA CRS Architects

Form Function Economy Time ENERGY!









What is Decarbonization?

Reducing or eliminating carbon emissions before, during, and after construction.

Involves changes in technology, behavior, expectations, and policies.

Mitigates impacts – severe storms, heat waves, sea level rise, healthy planet.

Aligned to Paris Agreement – the planet needs to achieve net zero GHG emissions by 2050.

One of the most **cost-effective** ways to reduce emissions **quickly**.









Why is "Decarbonization" important?

Facility modernization, repurposing, **optimization**, hybridization, downsizing.

Will become more and **more integral in master planning** processes.

Improves air quality and reduce water pollution. Healthy classrooms and communities.

Manage the economics - operational efficiencies and renewal costs. **Maximize ROI**.

Likely to become more and more a part of stakeholder / societal priorities and expectations.

Sustainable and Low Carbon Initiatives







We are all embarking on decarbonization journeys...

...whether individual, institutional, and/or organizational - if not already engaged.

We'll discuss tools, guideposts, pathways, dashboards, and ideas to consider along the way.

We will also review an imaginary "case study" demonstration for a Florida university campus.



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What is a "Decarbonization" Roadmap?

"A decarbonization roadmap identifies cost effective strategies and approaches to achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions across a portfolio of buildings. A roadmap lays out a vision to transition buildings in their portfolio to be healthy, efficient and carbon neutral. It outlines long term goals, sets interim targets, and explains how they will be achieved.

Getting to net zero over time at the portfolio level requires attention to decisions in individual buildings. Specific events in a building's lifecycle are seen as opportunities for improvement in a zero over time approach. Having a set of performance goals set in advance allows districts to take advantage of new construction, major modernizations, system retrofits and equipment replacement projects as they occur.

This approach can be customized for organizations of any size, no matter where they are in the process." [New Building Institute, "Decarbonization Roadmap Guide for School Building Decision Makers", April 2022]







Net Zero and Organizational Emissions Sources







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What is Net Zero?



- Requirements are less onerous
- Often seen as a first step



- In line with latest climate science
- Requires all available technologies to be used
- Only truly 'hard-to-decarbonize' emissions may be compensated with carbon offsets

Beyond Net Zero

- 'Climate Positive' or 'Carbon Negative'
- Having a positive impact on the climate
- Abating more carbon that you create













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Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Source





Sources of Greenhouse Gas Emissions | US EPA

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Categorizing Organizational Carbon Emissions

Carbon Footprint: Scope 1, 2 and 3

Scopes 1, 2 and 3 are used to categorize different kinds of emissions that an organization creates in its own operations and wider value chain to enable consistent reporting



Scope 1: Direct emissions issued by an organization e.g., gas boilers, vehicles, power generation (owned by an organization)



Scope 2: Indirect emissions from purchased energy e.g., heat or electricity

Scope 1 & 2 – mandatory part of reporting for many organizations worldwide and represent systems '**within reasonable control**'



Scope 3: Emissions for which an organization is indirectly responsible e.g., buying products from suppliers, business travel, and employee commutes



Scope 3 is often the largest and most difficult to tackle (as **organizations have less control** on how these emissions are addressed)



Adapted from the Greenhouse Gas Protocol









Examples of Emissions by Scope



Source: WRI/WBCSD Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard (PDF), page 5.

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Example of Education Emissions by Scope



Source: Why Your College Hasn't Achieved Carbon Neutrality (Yet) - The Association for the Advancement of Sustainability in Higher Education (aashe.org).





Building Source GHG Emissions







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Whole Life Carbon = Embodied Carbon + Operational Carbon







Whole Life Carbon = Embodied Carbon + Operational Carbon



80% of Buildings Standing in 2050 already exist today







Major Climate Impacts on Building Owners, Operators, and Users

1. Direct Impacts

Asset Damage

Reduced Asset Lifespan

Power Outages & Closures

2. Indirect Operational Impacts

Supply Chain Disruptions Transportation System Disruptions

3. User & Operator Impacts

Acute and Chronic Health Impacts

Migration and Displacement

Physical & Mental Stress

Reduced Productivity

4. Regulatory Impacts

Financial & Operational risksassociated with direct andtransitional risk





Opportunities

Achieve Objectives

Cost Effective Decarbonization

Retrofit in Line with Existing Building Asset Lifecycles

Reduce Operational Costs by Optimization Compliance with Emerging Codes & Regulations

Appease Stakeholder Expectations





Challenges









Approach to Decarbonization at Scale







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An Approach to Portfolio Decarbonization



Key benefits throughout the process

AIA



Key benefits throughout the process



Key benefits throughout the process



Case Study Demonstration – a Florida University Campus*



* Data used to generate the following demonstration slides were collected from publicly available information coupled with Atkins database of cost, carbon, and asset information. These have not been developed in collaboration with any institution.

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Carbon Emissions (tCO2e/sq ft)



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Annual Operational Carbon Savings (tCO2e)

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Interventions Behavioral Change **Clean Power** Space Resources Optimization Renewables Roadmap Envelope (Solar, Wind) **Systems** High Quality optimization and Improvements Thinking scenario testing Offsetting Systems Lighting Systems Electrification HVAC EMS and Efficiency Upgrades Metering





	Roadmap Your decarbonization scenarios								Last Ref		(\mathbf{i})	
Decarbonomics Powered by Carbon Data Insights	Back to Roadmap	Building Name			Intervention				2707		GO	
Buildings	Capital Cost (E)	All			~	PVs			~			
	Building Name	BEMS	Cooling	Glazing Improvements	Heat Decarbonization	LED	PV	Roof Insulation	Ventilation Improvements	Wall Insulation	Total	1
	Academic Health Center 1 (AHC1)	\$991.718	\$3,919,668	\$3,874,549	\$1,850,138	\$1,129,936	\$524,902	\$57,063	\$200,730	\$94,709	\$12,643,414	
	Academic Health Center 2 (AHC2)	\$0	\$4,107,034	\$3,423,875	\$1,190,778	\$1,773,770	\$337,808	\$36,774	\$204,199	\$114,158	\$11,188,396	
Home	Academic Health Center 3 (AHC3)	\$967,040	\$3,710,803		\$1,520,849	\$1,487,714	\$592,037		\$195,735		\$8,474,178	
	Academic Health Center 4 (AHC4) Total	\$1,179,325 \$7,309,112	\$4,800,997 \$71,255,708	\$25,720,210 \$80,280,626	\$1,828,632 \$28,367,750	\$2,073,483 \$25,840,256	\$799,597 \$19,759,887	\$79,508 \$1,408,440	\$231,750 \$3,624,576	\$341,800 \$1,904,429	\$37,055,302 \$239,750,784	
<u> (II)</u>	Operational Cost Savings (\$)					_					_	
Benchmark	Building Name	BEMS	Cooling	Glazing Improvements	Heat Decarbonizatio	on LED	PV	Roof Insulation	Ventilation Improvements	Wall Insulation	Total	ľ
	Academic Health Center 1 (AHC1)	\$76,241	\$947	\$27,450	(\$2,016)	\$10,817	\$33,903	\$1.624	\$19.178	\$1,917	\$170,060	
Q_	Academic Health Center 2 (AHC2)	\$62,960	\$18,720	\$26,483	\$5,230	\$13,961	\$21, <mark>8</mark> 19	\$1,140	\$52,582	\$2,522	\$205,418	
⊂⊘ Roadmap	Academic Health Center 3 (AHC3)	\$71,734	\$12,109		\$2,802	\$12,959	\$38,240		\$23,214		\$161,057	
	Academic Health Center 4 (AHC4) Total	\$90,708 \$1,169,540	\$11.362 \$191,657	\$115,222 \$919,480	\$932 \$31,749	\$18,467 \$248,238	\$51.646 \$1,998,33 3	\$638 \$26,482	\$27.485 \$566,758	\$2.402 \$55.772	\$318,861 \$5,208,011	
	Operational Carbon Savings (tCO2e)											
2	Building Name	BEMS	Cooling	Glazing Improvements	Heat Decarbonization	LED	PV	Roof Insulation	Ventilation Improvements	Wall Insulation	Total	ľ
Dolivor	Academic Health Center 1 (AHC1)	14.58	1.37	39.64	-2.22	26.12	111.76	5.36	63.30	6.33	266.25	
Deliver	Academic Health Center 2 (AHC2)	0.00	24.82	45.23	17.26	30.45	71.92	3.77	173.57	8.33	375.35	
	Academic Health Center 3 (AHC3)	7.28	18.98		-15.99	28.26	121.77		76.63		236.93	
	Academic Health Center 4 (AHC4) Total	17.43 72.93	13.75 203.02	98.08 963.34	2.87 -22.92	38.05 464.85	144.36 4,263.67	2.11 76.10	90.73 1,682.70	7.92 156.01	415.29 7,859.71	
Carbon Data Incidhte	Annual Energy Saving (kWh)											
	Building Name	BEMS	Cooling	Glazing Improvements	Heat Decarbonization	LED	PV	Roof Insulation	Ventilation Improvements	Wall Insulation	Total	
	Academic Health Center 1 (AHC1)	44,267	5,573	161,465	-10,853	80,601	292,863	14,878	170,631	17,565	776,991	16
Net Zero Net trained with set states	Academic Health Center 2 (AHC2)	0	106,906	165,267	46,534	98,057	188,476	10,449	467,838	23,115	1,106,641	
	Academic Health Center 3 (AHC3)	44,226	73,362		16.024	91,017	320,700		206,541		751,871	
© SNC Lavalin 2022 All rights reserved.	Academic Health Center 4 (AHC4) Total	53,790 270,316	62,998 834,200	180,090 3,208,798	7,585 566,991	125,925 1,536,501	408,269 12,618,064	5.846 265,443	244.545 4,768,544	20,746 570,475	1,109,794 24,639,332	

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Capital Cost (\$) × Annual Operational Cost Saving (\$)

Total \$19,759,887



Campus Visualizer

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Thank You. Questions?



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